



General Information

The Model 6514 is a general purpose multichannel digital receiver VME board which accepts digitized data at sampling rates up to 70 MHz. It may be configured with up to 16 channels of narrowband receivers to perform frequency down-conversion, lowpass filtering, and decimation of the sampled output.

The receiver output signals are delivered through front panel C40 comm ports for implementing DSP functions on Pentek C40 DSP processor boards. Another set of front panel C40 comm ports can be used for receiver tuning control from the DSP processor. Receiver tuning, filter and FIFO

control is available from the VMEbus. The FIFO output data may also be read over the VMEbus.

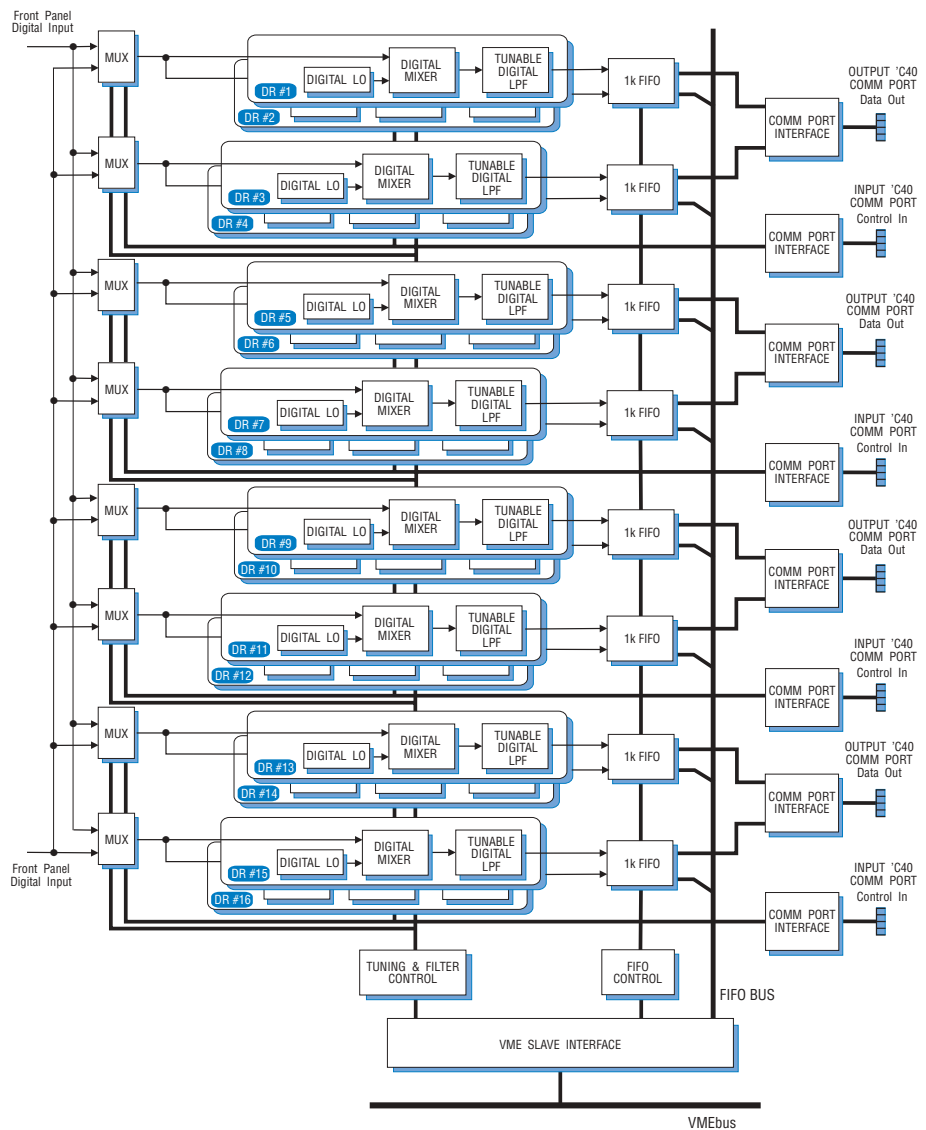
Operating Principle

The unit utilizes highly integrated digital receiver chips containing a tunable digital local oscillator, a mixer and a tunable low pass output filter. The local oscillator frequency and the output filter cutoff frequency in each section are independently programmable over the VMEbus interface providing extremely flexible and agile operation.

Model 6514 uses the Intersil HSP50016 receiver chip.

[Continued on the next page]

Block Diagram, Model 6514



Features

- Sampling rates to 70 MHz
- Two TTL or ECL inputs
- Four C40 comm port data outputs
- Tuning control via VME interface or four input C40 comm ports
- Dynamic range greater than 100 dB
- 0.008 Hz tuning resolution
- FIFO buffering
- Compatible with the Pentek Series 64xx A/D Converters

Applications

These VME boards provide an effective way to create multichannel digital signal processing and analysis systems for selected frequency bands. Since they downconvert selected bands, they make it economically feasible to perform DSP functions such as FFT spectrum analysis on RF signals.

Typical applications include frequency-division multiplexed communications systems, modem modulation schemes, and analysis of many forms of radar signals.

Flexible Input Connections

Parallel digital input data samples from two sources (Model 6514) or four sources (Model 6516) are accepted on a front panel multipin connector with TTL or, optionally, ECL or FPDP level compliance. Each receiver channel employs a two-input multiplexer which independently selects two of these input data sources.

The VMEbus interface is used to program operating modes, tuning frequencies and decimation bandwidths.

Specifications, Model 6514

Narrowband Receivers: 16

Receiver type: Intersil HSP50016

Digital input format: two independent inputs; each input with 16-bit words, 2's complement; one sample clock line

Input level: TTL single-ended; optionally ECL differential (option -012)

Sampling rate: DC to 50 MHz max. (TTL); DC to 70 MHz max. (option -012 ECL)

Data input connector: 80-pin flat ribbon cable 0.025" pitch (3M)

Input multiplexers: each receiver channel can independently select one of two front panel inputs under program control

Tuning range: DC to $f_s/2$ (35 MHz for $f_s = 70$ MHz)

Tuning resolution: $f_s/2^{23}$ (~0.008 Hz for $f_s = 70$ MHz)

Specifications, Model 6516:

Narrowband Receivers: 16

Receiver type: Intersil HSP50016

Digital input format: four independent inputs; each input with 16-bit words, 2's complement; one sample clock line

Input level: TTL single-ended; optionally FPDP (option -008)

Sampling rate: DC to 50 MHz max.

Data input connector: 80-pin flat ribbon cable 0.025" pitch (3M)

Input multiplexers: two groups of eight receiver channels each; each group can independently select one of two front panel inputs under program control

Tuning range: DC to $f_s/2$ (25 MHz for $f_s = 50$ MHz)

Tuning resolution: $f_s/2^{23}$ (~0.006 Hz for $f_s = 50$ MHz)

Specifications, Both Models

Local oscillator: direct digital synthesizer; single frequency CW and sweep (chirp) up/down modes; CW frequency is

equal to $F \cdot f_s / 2^{23}$, where F is a 32-bit binary integer and f_s is the input sample rate

Low pass filter: decimating 121-tap FIR, programmed by 15-bit integer R, from 16 to 32,768; nominal output Nyquist bandwidth $f_N = f_s/4R$; output sampling rate is $f_s/4R$ for complex outputs and $f_s/2R$ for real outputs

Filter response: ± 0.04 dB passband ripple; -3 dB bandwidth = $0.56f_N$; -100 dB stop bandwidth = $0.8f_N$

Real mode: consecutive 16-bit real output samples at sampling rate $f_s/2R$

Complex mode: 16-bit I and Q output samples at sampling rate $f_s/4R$ per complex pair

Data FIFOs: 1k x 16 expandable to 16k x 16 bits per channel pair, VME interrupts for full, half-full and empty

Comm port outputs: four total, each comm port handles four channels; byte serial with four bytes per 32-bit longword described below

Real mode packing: packed (two 16-bit samples from first channel pair packed in 32-bit longword, followed by two 16-bit samples from second channel pair packed in 32-bit longword); unpacked (four 16-bit samples from four channels in four 32-bit longwords)

Complex mode packing: packed (two 16-bit I samples from first channel pair packed in 32-bit longword, followed by two 16-bit I samples from second channel pair packed in 32-bit longword, followed by two more 32-bit longwords with respective Q samples); unpacked (four 16-bit I samples packed in two consecutive 32-bit longwords, followed by four 16-bit Q samples packed in two consecutive 32-bit longwords)

VME interface: slave A32, D32, I(1-7)

VME data outputs: unpacked only (one 16-bit sample in each 32-bit longword)

Control registers: memory-mapped over the VMEbus; receiver chip control registers (includes local oscillator, filter decimation, real/complex mode, etc.), input multiplexer control, and channel synchronization control

Power: 5.1 A at ± 5 V

Size: standard 6U VMEbus board, single slot; board 160 mm (6.3 in.) x 233.5 mm (9.2 in.), panel 0.8 in. wide

Ordering Information

Model	Description
6514	16-Channel 2-Input Digital Receiver VME board

Options:

-008	FPDP inputs
-012	ECL diff. inputs
-021	16 ksample FIFOs

6516	16-Channel 4-Input Digital Receiver VME board
------	---

Options:

-008	FPDP inputs
-021	16 ksample FIFOs